The White Pube:

Cameron Rowland, 3 & 4 Will. IV c. 73 @ the ICA

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emoji summary:

Many years ago, a clever clever friend of mine asked if political art can ever escape the shadow of its own spectacle. Within that one question, are a thousand more: what is political art, who's defining which art is political, how does that spectacle get made, whose politic constitutes a baggage that must be escaped, n whose politic is assimilable into the dominant cultural landscape we find ourselves cast against? On n on. That is why it is such a clever question; it is a question that ~contains multitudes~. My first take-away from Cameron Rowland's show at the ICA, is that I think it is able to escape the shadow of its own spectacle by pointing at that shadow and saying: 'this is the work', when ACTUALLY, the pointing is the work. I don't think this makes sense just yet, but bear with me, I'll explain.

The exhibition is titled < 3 & 4 Will. IV c.73 >, at first glance it feels unintelligible, but after like 5 seconds of googling, I realised it's a legal/legislative code for an Act of Parliament. It's formally called a citation, and each part of it represents/refers to a signifier that would allow you to place it within a frame of time/track it down in a public database/reference it. The Act of Parliament this code refers to is the <u>Slavery Abolition Act of 1833</u>, passed through Parliament to abolish slavery throughout the British Empire. This is a clunky way for me to explain the title within a review; Rowland does a much better more nuanced job in <u>the handout</u> that accompanies the exhibition.

Throughout the years, both Gab and I have made a lot of noise about how we don't read the press release. I took about 10 bolshy steps into the gallery before I realised and slunk back to the entrance to sheepishly grab it. It's fat, carries a satisfying kinda heft to it; there's an essay that acts as a primer, and then each work has a caption. The work itself, half of it is this collection of physical actual objects: a mahogany writing box, brass manillas, a gold two-Guinea coin, police car searchlights, the lease on a mooring in the Albert Dock in Liverpool. Alone, this half of the work, the physical tangible objects that are present, feel sparse across the gallery. It's only through reading the booklet that you complete this interaction with the artwork; Reading becomes an integral part of Viewing, which then unfolds a series of conceptual n theoretical actions n implications. It's a bit of a mad one but bear w me. Take the manillas for example. It goes like this: the manillas are placed in a way that is legible as contemporary art. In reading the caption, the manillas are understood as loaded objects, 'as a onedirectional currency, which Europeans would offer as payment but would never accept. The ones on display are rentals, manufactured in Birmingham in the 18thC. They're now grounded in the gallery (as aesthetic objects), the land (as native historical objects) and a socio-political history, each as spaces of relevance in this relationship of display. The caption situates the objects as functional, but now also as active: 'Birmingham was the primary producer of brass manillas in Britain, prior to the city's central role in the Industrial Revolution'; we can understand them as part of a transition that happened against a specific historical backdrop, not just as passive functional objects, but as objects that were participants in the process of expansion due to their production. The caption then describes the amplified scale in the affect of this action, quoting Eric Williams' < Capitalism and Slavery>, in a description of "the triple stimulus to British industry" represented by these manillas; this stimulus was 'provided through the export of British goods manufactured for the purchasing of slaves, the processing of raw materials grown by slaves, and the formation of new colonial markets for British-made goods'. The captions have a linear way of making clear specific things about the objects. As our example - the manillas are then, in this way, conceptually unfolded: as art-object, as currency, as historical object, native object, political, functional, active participant, product and then finally as representative. In this unfolding, these manillas arguably provide testimony, act as witnesses for an academic exploration that takes place on a more expanded scale in the main body of the opening essay.

Upstairs is a similar vibe: 3 cattle brands, an electronic monitoring device (for probation, parole, detention), a probation order neatly framed like the Albert Docks mooring lease downstairs. Most of the wall in the upper gallery is taken up by mortgage contracts spread out across enormous frames. The doors of the gallery, the back door onto the street and the handrail going up to the first floor, are all listed as artworks; the mortgage contracts are for them. The caption explains that the doors and handrail are mahogany, a wood 'felled and milled by slaves in Jamaica, Barbados, and Honduras among other British colonies. It is one of the few commodities of the triangular [transatlantic] trade that continues to generate value for those who currently own it.' The caption continues, explaining that Carlton House Terrace, where the ICA is now, used to be George IV's family residence (before he took the throne). He built the current terrace over the old house, 'as a series of elite rental properties to generate revenue for the Crown Estate'. The ICA currently still leases the building from the Crown Estate; including the mahogany handrail and the doors. In mortgaging them, there's also the commitment to not repay this loan, so Encumbrance Inc (the company that has issued this mortgage) technically owns the handrails and doors(? I don't understand mortgages wow), or that this debt must effect the eventual value in the re-sale of the property, or the Crown Estate j can't accumulate profit from them? The caption says it 'constitute[s] an encumbrance on the future transaction of 12 Carlton House Terrace', using the words 'as reparation'. Although I can't make out the specifics of what this mortgaging involves in a practical sense, I am very aware that this is still a real and tangible thing with or without my understanding; 'the Crown Estate provides 75% of its revenue to the Treasury and 25% directly to the monarch'. There's a significant intervention in this: Cameron Rowland's work has guite literally diddled the Queen and the Chancellor of the Exchequer out of some money, while illustrating that the afterburn of the transatlantic slave trade is very very present in Britain - still hot to the touch, especially where these enormous institutions are concerned. This feels like a marked win, a stifled laugh out loud compared to the Tate's heavily PR vetted and incredibly self-conscious statement about their association with slavery and the profits of it, that took a long time to say absolutely nothing at all, and (more importantly) was functionally useless in any material sense. < Encumbrance > as a work, is an action; the work isn't the actual doors or the handrail, or the mortgage itself - the work ends up being this moment after the action/spectacle, the end effect of it, the shadow it has cast, the pointing to it. The work is the reparative win of the Queen & State not being able to profit off the products of slavery in the gallery, and maybe it's just that the bar is underground! But I was still quite affected by that tangible feeling of Someone Having Done Something. It's rare to see something slight and gestural, that has such a rippling wave, in a gallery with the formal considerations accounted for and seamlessly blended.

In a practical sense, as a way of experiencing an exhibition, by walking round and reading between object and text, this is quite incredible to me. I am enjoying it; if the white pube represents a way of writing about the embodied reality of being in a gallery, then in a very tangible n bodily way, this is an exciting exhibition. Because you're at this sharp edge of so many things: theory, aesthetics, research and action/intervention. The work is incisive, precise, carried out with a kind of forensic detail that is mirrored in the writing. It is all citation, pulling from a wealth of study conducted elsewhere, outside of a gallery, but it is simultaneously conventionally beautiful as contemporary art goes, and politically rigid in its expectations of the viewer's understanding (in a good way that allows for little lack of complicity). It's ~concurrent~, a kind of synchronicity in the way it voices itself; at the time of writing I am currently reading Paul Beatty's <the Sellout> that is heavy fiction around the racist carceral state & police brutality, and I've just read Imani Robinson's essay <OBJECTS WHO TESTIFY> (published by PSS as part of Boundary + Gesture @ Wysing, curated by Taylor Le Melle), an essay about forensic aesthetics, the image of Blackness, and the place of testimony & speech between those points. Beyond myself and this coincidence in my reading choices, the voice of it sits alongside Kathrine Yusoff's < A Billion Black Anthropocenes or None>, Saidiya Hartman (who's part of the live program for this show), this text is already too long for me to name a million academics and thinkers and writers that have contributed to the landscape it sits in. What I mean to say is that this show is a beautiful, thoughtful, painfully precise rendering of all of this incredible thought around blackness and the after-image of slavery, what its conceptual psychic intellectual material economic social holistic legacy contains. All loaded into these points between object and text, aesthetic and thought.

I think there is a question for me about opacity within the subject of aesthetic. The show looks sparse at a glance, since half of it is contained in the handout; something that Eddy Frankel's review for Time Out didn't seem to have much time for (Imao). In his review, Eddy concludes; 'But for something so interesting, so important, it misses the mark so badly. A couple of almost empty rooms and a dissertation don't make for an engaging, affecting art experience. And would it have killed the ICA to give just a single explanatory paragraph to help viewers into the show? Could they not have laid it all just a little bit more bare? Instead, all of Rowland's work

holds you at arm's length, refusing to let you in. It's the kind of academic, unyielding exhibition that makes people hate contemporary art. It feels like art for people with degrees; it feels like it's saying: 'If you don't get it, it's not for you, and that's your fault, not mine.'... It's elitist, and it stops people from engaging. Rowland has powerful ideas; they're just expressed really weakly.' I don't want to make a fucking habit of calling white art critics idiots, but this seems to be the basis of my entire career at this point. I think it's a bit weird to say all of that tbgh. To point to the entire history of black academic thought that this show actively pulls from, goes to great pains to unpack and illustrate as clearly and forensically as possible, and say 'this doesn't make sense to ~the public~' is fucking rude, and guite loudly wrong to ask for an explanatory paragraph when they've given you an entire fucking publication that you can reasonably read cover to cover on the tube ride home if you're honestly that pressed about it. In my humble opinion, it's revealing that Frankel's review tries to instrumentalise the idea of The Public against this work, while simultaneously never really defining who that public is. It feels like The Public he's wielding is more of a construction, a stodgy monolith that looks overwhelmingly like him on a blown out scale, a weird unvielding lump that speaks in unison, in his voice - - because the public I care about, and continue to be in conversation with (100 black & brown people with a vague to intense interest in the arts) have and contain the capacity to understand this work. I have had conversations with uncles on the bus that amount to a cursory understanding of the theory this engages with. This show isn't for white people to be affected in the way they want to be affected by ~political~ art, because clearly the expectations of this Great White British Public hinge on the work creating the exact spectacle that would render it assimilable and comforting, rather than the sticky jagged edged shape that it is. Maybe, as I said in my review of <you feel me > @ FACT, there's an issue with the expectation of a white critic being projected onto a black artist/curator. Maybe Whiteness has a fundamental problem, maybe it comes undone a bit when it can't consume Black spectacle as easily as it wants to. Frankel says it himself, 'It's saying: 'If you don't get it, it's not for you, and that's your fault, not mine" and there's absolutely nothing wrong with that! I will defend Black artists' rights to opacity till my dying breath! And this is exactly that, imo. The work held the artist away from the work, instead the work was able to form legibility in action and theory rather than an embodied affectation. The artist is held obscured, the spectacle is slight and about the unfolding and wide-eved realisation that maybe action has spilled over outside of the gallery, but in a way that primarily effects the State rather than the viewer. This guestion of opacity is still a valid one, but my gOD, it is not for the Eddy fucking Frankel's of the art world to gesticulate around, not for him to offer jurisdiction over - reader, it isn't even for me. If there is a gap in understanding and engagement, then there is the potential for it to be closed within the space of the live program that's part of this show. It's printed on the back with no context, just the names of some thinkers/writers/people and dates. I'm writing this before any of them have happened (slightly unhelpful I know), but there remains the potential for the live program to consist of a third and equal part of the Work itself (something that only makes this show even more exciting, since tbgh live/events programs rarely ever take a significant/prominent role in the actual experience of an exhibition).

The Time Out review, for me, sealed the deal. I love this show because Eddy Frankel and all the other boring loud white men of Culture don't understand it. It uses a completely different lexicon, a different rubric and set of measures for itself, it refers to a different way of working and demands different complicities for you to meld with it in a satisfying way; in Frankel's fury at it, it is clearly proving itself to be unassimilable, despite the fact that it consciously, carefully looks like fucking contemporary art. It is complex, sticky, this precise incisive thing that unfolds from itself and contains the potential to be one of those shows that you're reminded of 3 years later, when you read something entirely new into or from it. I have put off writing this text over and over, waiting till I could find someone to speak about it to, so I could settle my thoughts before starting. I have DMed friends, harassed Gab as my captive audience; this is a show you go to alone, but not one that you process alone. I believe it must be thought about collectively, or it won't work. It's discourse, baby.

Cameron Rowland's <<u>3 & 4 Will. IV c. 73</u>> is on @ the ICA until 12th April. You can find the live program on the exhibition page, <u>here</u>. The exhibition pamphlet is <u>here</u>. This text is one of the six we are producing as part of our time as critics-in-residence @ the ICA in 2020. For more information about the shape of this residency & what it entails, pls see the ICA residency page.